1		HONORABLE RONALD B. LEIGHTON	
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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON		
7	AT TACOMA		
8	DONNAMAY BROCKBANK, and DENNIS MOSES,	CASE NO. C13-5168 RBL	
10	Plaintiffs,	ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR TRO	
11	v.	[Dkt. #5]	
12	KEVIN STAPLES,et al.,		
13	Defendants.		
14	THIS MATTER is before the Court on the	Plaintiffs' Motion for Temporary Restraining	
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16	be evicted. They filed this lawsuit in an effort to avoid that result. By their own admission, however, the Plaintiffs have previously made similar efforts in other courts, and they seem to concede that the foreclosure has already occurred. They ask this		
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20	Court to enjoin the eviction due to "serious questions" about the legality of the prior proceedings.		
21	Defendants claim that the Plaintiffs have previously filed for bankruptcy protection and		
22	unsuccessfully gone through an adversary proceeding in the Bankruptcy Court, and that they		
23	have filed three state Court proceedings related to the house, their debt, and the foreclosure		
24	process, none of which were successful [See Dkt.	# 8 at 3]. They argue that the Plaintiffs' new	

claims in this case are barred by res judicata. They argue that the Plaintiffs cannot show any 2 likelihood of success on the merits of these claims, and that they are not entitled to a TRO. 3 The purpose of a TRO is "preserving the status quo and preventing irreparable harm just so long as is necessary to hold a hearing [on the preliminary injunction application], and no 5 longer." Granny Goose Foods, Inc. v. Brotherhood of Teamsters & Auto Truck Drivers, 415 6 U.S. 423 (1974); see also Reno Air Racing Ass'n v. McCord, 452 F.3d 1126, 1130-31 (9th Cir. 7 2006). To obtain a TRO or a preliminary injunction, the moving party must show: (1) a 8 likelihood of success on the merits; (2) a likelihood of irreparable harm to the moving party in the absence of preliminary relief; (3) that a balance of equities tips in the favor of the moving party; and (4) that an injunction is in the public interest. Winter v. Natural Res. Def. Council, 10 *Inc.*, ___ U.S. ___, 129 S. Ct. 365, 376 (2008). 11 12 Traditionally, injunctive relief was also appropriate under an alternative "sliding scale" 13 test. The Lands Council v. McNair, 537 F.3d 981, 987 (9th Cir. 2008). However, the Ninth 14 Circuit overruled this standard in keeping with the Supreme Court's decision in *Winter*. American Trucking Ass'ns Inc. v. City of Los Angeles, 559 F.3d 1046, 1052 (9th Cir. 2009) 15 (holding that "[t]o the extent that our cases have suggested a lesser standard, they are no longer 16 17 controlling, or even viable"). 18 Plaintiffs' Motion must be denied because they have claimed—but have made no 19 showing, whatsoever—that they are likely to succeed on the merits of this, their fifth attempt to 20 stop or overcome the foreclosure and its effects. 21 >>> 22 23 24

1	The Motion for a TRO is DENIED.	
2	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
3	Dated this 18 th day of March, 2013.	
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5	RONALD B. LEIGHTON	
6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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